

WHAT WERE THE POLITICAL VIEWS OF EVANGELISTS

WHAT WERE THE POLITICAL VIEWS OF EVANGELISTS HAVE LONG BEEN A SUBJECT OF INTEREST FOR HISTORIANS, POLITICAL ANALYSTS, AND RELIGIOUS SCHOLARS. EVANGELISTS, AS INFLUENTIAL RELIGIOUS LEADERS AND REVIVALISTS, HAVE PLAYED SIGNIFICANT ROLES IN SHAPING POLITICAL DISCOURSE, PUBLIC OPINION, AND SOCIAL MOVEMENTS, PARTICULARLY IN THE UNITED STATES. THEIR POLITICAL VIEWS OFTEN REFLECT A COMBINATION OF THEOLOGICAL BELIEFS, CULTURAL VALUES, AND RESPONSES TO CONTEMPORARY SOCIAL ISSUES. THIS ARTICLE EXPLORES THE POLITICAL PERSPECTIVES HELD BY VARIOUS EVANGELISTS THROUGHOUT HISTORY, EXAMINING HOW THESE VIEWS HAVE EVOLVED AND HOW THEY INTERSECT WITH BROADER POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES. BY UNDERSTANDING THE POLITICAL VIEWS OF EVANGELISTS, ONE GAINS INSIGHT INTO THE COMPLEX RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN RELIGION AND POLITICS. THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS WILL COVER HISTORICAL BACKGROUND, KEY POLITICAL STANCES, NOTABLE FIGURES, AND THE IMPACT OF EVANGELISTS ON POLITICAL MOVEMENTS.

- HISTORICAL CONTEXT OF EVANGELISTS' POLITICAL VIEWS
- CORE POLITICAL BELIEFS AMONG EVANGELISTS
- INFLUENTIAL EVANGELISTS AND THEIR POLITICAL POSITIONS
- EVANGELISTS AND SOCIAL ISSUES
- THE ROLE OF EVANGELISTS IN CONTEMPORARY POLITICS

HISTORICAL CONTEXT OF EVANGELISTS' POLITICAL VIEWS

THE POLITICAL VIEWS OF EVANGELISTS CANNOT BE FULLY COMPREHENDED WITHOUT UNDERSTANDING THE HISTORICAL CONTEXTS IN WHICH EVANGELICALISM DEVELOPED. ORIGINATING IN THE PROTESTANT REVIVAL MOVEMENTS OF THE 18TH AND 19TH CENTURIES, EVANGELISTS OFTEN EMPHASIZED PERSONAL SALVATION AND MORAL REFORM, WHICH NATURALLY EXTENDED INTO POLITICAL ADVOCACY. EARLY AMERICAN EVANGELISTS WERE INFLUENTIAL DURING THE SECOND GREAT AWAKENING, A PERIOD MARKED BY RELIGIOUS REVIVALISM AND SOCIAL REFORM MOVEMENTS SUCH AS ABOLITIONISM AND TEMPERANCE. THEIR POLITICAL VIEWS WERE DEEPLY INTERTWINED WITH THEIR RELIGIOUS MISSIONS, OFTEN ADVOCATING FOR LAWS AND SOCIAL NORMS THAT ALIGNED WITH THEIR MORAL TEACHINGS.

EVANGELICALISM IN 19TH CENTURY AMERICA

DURING THE 19TH CENTURY, MANY EVANGELISTS SUPPORTED ABOLITION AND THE PROHIBITION OF ALCOHOL, REFLECTING THEIR COMMITMENT TO MORAL RIGHTEOUSNESS AND SOCIAL JUSTICE. THIS ERA SAW FIGURES LIKE CHARLES FINNEY WHO USED REVIVAL MEETINGS NOT ONLY TO SPREAD RELIGIOUS MESSAGES BUT ALSO TO PROMOTE POLITICAL ACTIVISM. EVANGELISTS WERE OFTEN SEEN AS MORAL ARBITERS, INFLUENCING LEGISLATION AND PUBLIC OPINION ON ISSUES CONSIDERED SINFUL OR CORRUPT.

POLITICAL ALIGNMENT IN EARLY 20TH CENTURY

IN THE EARLY 20TH CENTURY, EVANGELISTS CONTINUED TO ENGAGE IN POLITICAL DEBATES, OFTEN OPPOSING MODERNIST TRENDS SUCH AS SECULARISM AND THE TEACHING OF EVOLUTION IN SCHOOLS. THE SCOPES MONKEY TRIAL IS A PROMINENT EXAMPLE WHERE EVANGELICAL POLITICAL VIEWS CLASHED WITH SCIENTIFIC PROGRESSIVISM. EVANGELISTS LARGELY ALIGNED WITH CONSERVATIVE VALUES, EMPHASIZING TRADITIONAL FAMILY STRUCTURES AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION.

CORE POLITICAL BELIEFS AMONG EVANGELISTS

THE POLITICAL VIEWS OF EVANGELISTS OFTEN REVOLVE AROUND A SET OF CORE BELIEFS THAT REFLECT THEIR THEOLOGICAL PERSPECTIVES AND CULTURAL VALUES. THESE BELIEFS SHAPE THEIR STANCE ON GOVERNANCE, SOCIAL POLICY, AND THE ROLE OF RELIGION IN PUBLIC LIFE. WHILE DIVERSITY EXISTS AMONG EVANGELICALS, SOME COMMON THEMES PERSIST IN THEIR POLITICAL IDEOLOGY.

SOCIAL CONSERVATISM

SOCIAL CONSERVATISM IS A HALLMARK OF MANY EVANGELISTS' POLITICAL VIEWS. THIS INCLUDES OPPOSITION TO ABORTION, SAME-SEX MARRIAGE, AND OTHER ISSUES THAT THEY PERCEIVE AS THREATS TO TRADITIONAL CHRISTIAN VALUES. EVANGELISTS TYPICALLY ADVOCATE FOR POLICIES THAT SUPPORT THE SANCTITY OF LIFE, RELIGIOUS FREEDOM, AND FAMILY-CENTERED LEGISLATION.

SUPPORT FOR RELIGIOUS LIBERTY

EVANGELISTS PLACE HIGH IMPORTANCE ON THE PROTECTION OF RELIGIOUS LIBERTY, OFTEN ADVOCATING FOR LAWS THAT ALLOW PUBLIC EXPRESSIONS OF FAITH AND RESIST SECULARIZATION. THEY FREQUENTLY OPPOSE GOVERNMENT POLICIES THAT THEY BELIEVE RESTRICT RELIGIOUS ACTIVITIES OR INFRINGE ON THE RIGHTS OF RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS.

ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES

WHILE SOCIAL ISSUES DOMINATE, EVANGELISTS' ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL VIEWS CAN VARY. MANY ALIGN WITH CONSERVATIVE ECONOMIC PRINCIPLES SUCH AS FREE-MARKET CAPITALISM, LIMITED GOVERNMENT INTERVENTION, AND FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY. HOWEVER, THERE ARE EVANGELISTS WHO EMPHASIZE SOCIAL JUSTICE AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION, ADVOCATING FOR POLICIES THAT SUPPORT THE MARGINALIZED AND VULNERABLE.

INFLUENTIAL EVANGELISTS AND THEIR POLITICAL POSITIONS

THROUGHOUT HISTORY, SEVERAL PROMINENT EVANGELISTS HAVE LEFT A LASTING IMPACT ON POLITICAL DISCOURSE THROUGH THEIR PUBLIC STANCES AND ACTIVISM. THEIR VIEWS OFTEN REFLECT BROADER EVANGELICAL TRENDS BUT ALSO REVEAL PERSONAL INTERPRETATIONS OF THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN FAITH AND POLITICS.

BILLY GRAHAM

BILLY GRAHAM IS ONE OF THE MOST INFLUENTIAL EVANGELISTS OF THE 20TH CENTURY, KNOWN FOR HIS GLOBAL CRUSADES AND ADVISORY ROLE TO U.S. PRESIDENTS. WHILE GRAHAM MAINTAINED A NONPARTISAN PUBLIC IMAGE, HIS POLITICAL VIEWS LEANED TOWARD SOCIAL CONSERVATISM, SUPPORTING CIVIL RIGHTS WHILE PROMOTING TRADITIONAL FAMILY VALUES. HE ADVOCATED FOR MORAL LEADERSHIP AND OFTEN CAUTIONED AGAINST THE MIXING OF RELIGION AND PARTISAN POLITICS.

JERRY FALWELL

JERRY FALWELL WAS A LEADING FIGURE IN THE MORAL MAJORITY, A POLITICAL ORGANIZATION THAT MOBILIZED EVANGELICAL VOTERS IN THE LATE 20TH CENTURY. FALWELL'S POLITICAL VIEWS WERE FIRMLY CONSERVATIVE, OPPOSING ABORTION, HOMOSEXUALITY, AND SECULARISM. HE PLAYED A SIGNIFICANT ROLE IN ALIGNING EVANGELICAL CHRISTIANITY WITH THE REPUBLICAN PARTY, EMPHASIZING THE IMPORTANCE OF CHRISTIAN PRINCIPLES IN GOVERNMENT.

JOHN WESLEY

ALTHOUGH PRECEDING MODERN EVANGELICALISM, JOHN WESLEY'S TEACHINGS INFLUENCED EVANGELICAL SOCIAL ACTIVISM. WESLEY ADVOCATED FOR SOCIAL JUSTICE, INCLUDING THE ABOLITION OF SLAVERY AND CARE FOR THE POOR. HIS POLITICAL VIEWS REFLECT A COMMITMENT TO APPLYING CHRISTIAN ETHICS IN SOCIETAL REFORMS, COMBINING PERSONAL PIETY WITH PUBLIC RESPONSIBILITY.

EVANGELISTS AND SOCIAL ISSUES

THE POLITICAL VIEWS OF EVANGELISTS ARE OFTEN MOST VISIBLE IN THEIR ENGAGEMENT WITH SOCIAL ISSUES. EVANGELISTS USE THEIR PLATFORMS TO ADDRESS TOPICS RANGING FROM FAMILY VALUES TO CIVIL RIGHTS, SHAPING PUBLIC DEBATES AND INFLUENCING POLICY.

ABORTION AND SANCTITY OF LIFE

ONE OF THE MOST PROMINENT POLITICAL ISSUES FOR EVANGELISTS IS ABORTION. MANY EVANGELISTS VIEW ABORTION AS A MORAL AND POLITICAL CRISIS, ADVOCATING FOR PRO-LIFE LEGISLATION AND EMPHASIZING THE SANCTITY OF LIFE FROM CONCEPTION. THIS STANCE HAS GALVANIZED EVANGELICAL POLITICAL ACTIVISM AND VOTER MOBILIZATION.

MARRIAGE AND FAMILY

EVANGELISTS TYPICALLY PROMOTE TRADITIONAL DEFINITIONS OF MARRIAGE AND FAMILY STRUCTURES, OPPOSING SAME-SEX MARRIAGE AND ADVOCATING FOR POLICIES THAT SUPPORT PARENTAL RIGHTS AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION. THESE VIEWS ARE OFTEN FRAMED WITHIN A BROADER CULTURAL NARRATIVE ABOUT PRESERVING MORAL ORDER AND SOCIAL STABILITY.

CIVIL RIGHTS AND SOCIAL JUSTICE

EVANGELISTS' POLITICAL VIEWS ON CIVIL RIGHTS HAVE BEEN COMPLEX AND VARIED. WHILE SOME EVANGELISTS HISTORICALLY SUPPORTED SEGREGATION, MANY HAVE SINCE BECOME ADVOCATES FOR RACIAL RECONCILIATION AND SOCIAL JUSTICE. CONTEMPORARY EVANGELICAL LEADERS OFTEN ADDRESS POVERTY, RACIAL INEQUALITY, AND IMMIGRATION FROM A FAITH-BASED PERSPECTIVE.

THE ROLE OF EVANGELISTS IN CONTEMPORARY POLITICS

IN MODERN TIMES, EVANGELISTS CONTINUE TO BE INFLUENTIAL POLITICAL ACTORS. THEIR POLITICAL VIEWS SHAPE VOTER BEHAVIOR, PARTY PLATFORMS, AND POLICY DEBATES, PARTICULARLY IN COUNTRIES WITH SIGNIFICANT EVANGELICAL POPULATIONS LIKE THE UNITED STATES.

POLITICAL MOBILIZATION AND VOTING PATTERNS

EVANGELISTS OFTEN MOBILIZE THEIR FOLLOWERS TO PARTICIPATE IN ELECTIONS AND POLITICAL ACTIVISM. EVANGELICAL VOTERS HAVE BECOME A KEY DEMOGRAPHIC FOR POLITICAL PARTIES, ESPECIALLY CONSERVATIVES, DUE TO THEIR COHESIVE VIEWS ON SOCIAL AND MORAL ISSUES.

EVANGELICAL INFLUENCE ON LEGISLATION

EVANGELISTS FREQUENTLY LOBBY FOR LAWS THAT ALIGN WITH THEIR BELIEFS, SUCH AS RESTRICTIONS ON ABORTION, RELIGIOUS EXEMPTIONS, AND EDUCATION POLICIES. THEIR POLITICAL VIEWS CONTRIBUTE TO SHAPING LEGISLATION AT LOCAL, STATE, AND

NATIONAL LEVELS.

CHALLENGES AND CRITICISMS

THE POLITICAL ENGAGEMENT OF EVANGELISTS HAS ALSO ATTRACTED CRITICISM, WITH OPPONENTS ARGUING THAT IT BLURS THE LINE BETWEEN CHURCH AND STATE OR FOSTERS EXCLUSIONARY POLICIES. EVANGELISTS MUST NAVIGATE THESE CHALLENGES WHILE MAINTAINING THEIR RELIGIOUS AND POLITICAL IDENTITIES.

- HISTORICAL ADVOCACY FOR ABOLITION AND TEMPERANCE
- SOCIAL CONSERVATISM FOCUSING ON LIFE AND FAMILY
- SUPPORT FOR RELIGIOUS FREEDOM AND EXPRESSION
- POLITICAL MOBILIZATION OF EVANGELICAL VOTERS
- INFLUENCE ON CONTEMPORARY LEGISLATION AND POLICY DEBATES

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT WERE THE GENERAL POLITICAL VIEWS OF EVANGELISTS IN THE 20TH CENTURY?

IN THE 20TH CENTURY, MANY EVANGELISTS IN THE UNITED STATES TENDED TO HOLD CONSERVATIVE POLITICAL VIEWS, OFTEN EMPHASIZING TRADITIONAL FAMILY VALUES, OPPOSITION TO ABORTION, AND SUPPORT FOR RELIGIOUS FREEDOM.

HOW DID EVANGELISTS INFLUENCE AMERICAN POLITICS?

EVANGELISTS INFLUENCED AMERICAN POLITICS BY MOBILIZING THEIR LARGE FOLLOWINGS TO SUPPORT CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATES AND POLICIES, PARTICULARLY THROUGH ORGANIZATIONS LIKE THE MORAL MAJORITY AND THE CHRISTIAN COALITION.

DID EVANGELISTS SUPPORT ANY PARTICULAR POLITICAL PARTY?

MANY EVANGELISTS, ESPECIALLY IN THE UNITED STATES, HAVE HISTORICALLY SUPPORTED THE REPUBLICAN PARTY DUE TO ITS ALIGNMENT WITH CONSERVATIVE SOCIAL VALUES.

WERE ALL EVANGELISTS POLITICALLY CONSERVATIVE?

NOT ALL EVANGELISTS ARE POLITICALLY CONSERVATIVE; SOME HOLD PROGRESSIVE VIEWS ON ISSUES LIKE POVERTY, SOCIAL JUSTICE, AND THE ENVIRONMENT, THOUGH CONSERVATIVE EVANGELISM HAS BEEN MORE PROMINENT IN POLITICAL DISCOURSE.

HOW DID BILLY GRAHAM'S POLITICAL VIEWS REFLECT IN HIS EVANGELISM?

BILLY GRAHAM MAINTAINED A NON-PARTISAN STANCE PUBLICLY BUT GENERALLY SUPPORTED CONSERVATIVE CAUSES AND LEADERS, PROMOTING MORAL VALUES AND RELIGIOUS FREEDOM WITHOUT ALIGNING EXPLICITLY WITH A SINGLE POLITICAL PARTY.

WHAT ROLE DID EVANGELISTS PLAY IN THE ANTI-ABORTION MOVEMENT?

EVANGELISTS WERE KEY LEADERS IN THE ANTI-ABORTION MOVEMENT, ADVOCATING FOR PRO-LIFE POLICIES AND MOBILIZING THEIR FOLLOWERS TO INFLUENCE LEGISLATION AND PUBLIC OPINION AGAINST ABORTION.

HOW DO MODERN EVANGELISTS ENGAGE WITH POLITICS?

MODERN EVANGELISTS OFTEN ENGAGE IN POLITICS BY ENDORSING CANDIDATES, SPEAKING ON SOCIAL ISSUES, PARTICIPATING IN POLITICAL RALLIES, AND USING MEDIA PLATFORMS TO INFLUENCE PUBLIC POLICY ALIGNED WITH THEIR RELIGIOUS BELIEFS.

DID EVANGELISTS SUPPORT CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENTS?

THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN EVANGELISTS AND CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENTS WAS COMPLEX; SOME EVANGELISTS SUPPORTED CIVIL RIGHTS AND RACIAL EQUALITY, WHILE OTHERS WERE RESISTANT DUE TO PREVAILING SOCIAL AND CULTURAL ATTITUDES.

HOW DO EVANGELICAL POLITICAL VIEWS VARY GLOBALLY?

GLOBALLY, EVANGELICAL POLITICAL VIEWS VARY WIDELY DEPENDING ON CULTURAL AND NATIONAL CONTEXTS, RANGING FROM CONSERVATIVE POSITIONS IN THE UNITED STATES TO MORE DIVERSE OR PROGRESSIVE STANCES IN OTHER REGIONS.

WHAT IMPACT DID THE RELIGIOUS RIGHT HAVE ON EVANGELIST POLITICAL VIEWS?

THE RISE OF THE RELIGIOUS RIGHT IN THE LATE 20TH CENTURY SOLIDIFIED A STRONG CONNECTION BETWEEN EVANGELICAL CHRISTIANITY AND CONSERVATIVE POLITICAL ACTIVISM, EMPHASIZING ISSUES LIKE OPPOSITION TO ABORTION, SAME-SEX MARRIAGE, AND SECULARISM.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

1. *GOD'S COUNTRY: EVANGELICAL POLITICAL INFLUENCE IN AMERICA*

THIS BOOK EXPLORES THE HISTORICAL AND CONTEMPORARY POLITICAL VIEWS OF EVANGELICAL LEADERS IN THE UNITED STATES. IT EXAMINES HOW EVANGELISTS HAVE SHAPED POLITICAL DISCOURSE, PARTICULARLY AROUND ISSUES LIKE ABORTION, SAME-SEX MARRIAGE, AND RELIGIOUS FREEDOM. THE AUTHOR PROVIDES A DETAILED ANALYSIS OF THE EVANGELICAL MOVEMENT'S ALIGNMENT WITH CONSERVATIVE POLITICS AND ITS IMPACT ON NATIONAL ELECTIONS.

2. *PREACHING POLITICS: THE ROLE OF EVANGELISTS IN SHAPING PUBLIC OPINION*

FOCUSING ON THE INTERSECTION OF RELIGION AND POLITICS, THIS BOOK ANALYZES HOW PROMINENT EVANGELISTS USE THEIR PLATFORMS TO INFLUENCE PUBLIC POLICY AND VOTER BEHAVIOR. IT DELVES INTO SERMONS, SPEECHES, AND MEDIA APPEARANCES TO UNCOVER THE CORE POLITICAL MESSAGES EVANGELISTS PROMOTE. THE BOOK ALSO DISCUSSES THE ETHICAL IMPLICATIONS OF MIXING EVANGELISM WITH POLITICAL ADVOCACY.

3. *THE EVANGELICAL RIGHT: FAITH AND POWER IN AMERICAN POLITICS*

THIS COMPREHENSIVE STUDY TRACES THE RISE OF THE EVANGELICAL RIGHT AS A POLITICAL FORCE IN AMERICA. IT HIGHLIGHTS KEY FIGURES AND ORGANIZATIONS THAT HAVE MOBILIZED EVANGELICAL VOTERS AND SHAPED CONSERVATIVE AGENDAS. THE AUTHOR EXPLORES THEOLOGICAL MOTIVATIONS BEHIND POLITICAL ACTIVISM AND HOW EVANGELISTS HAVE RESPONDED TO SOCIAL AND CULTURAL CHANGES.

4. *FAITH AND POLITICS: THE EVANGELIST'S VOICE IN MODERN AMERICA*

THIS BOOK OFFERS A BALANCED VIEW OF HOW EVANGELISTS ENGAGE WITH POLITICAL ISSUES IN THE CONTEMPORARY ERA. IT COVERS A RANGE OF VIEWPOINTS WITHIN EVANGELICALISM, FROM THOSE ADVOCATING FOR STRICT CONSERVATIVE POLICIES TO OTHERS PROMOTING SOCIAL JUSTICE CAUSES. THE NARRATIVE CONTEXTUALIZES THE EVANGELISTS' POLITICAL VIEWS WITHIN BROADER RELIGIOUS AND SOCIETAL TRENDS.

5. *FROM PULPIT TO PODIUM: EVANGELISTS AND THEIR POLITICAL IMPACT*

EXAMINING THE TRANSITION OF EVANGELISTS FROM SPIRITUAL LEADERS TO POLITICAL INFLUENCERS, THIS BOOK HIGHLIGHTS THE STRATEGIES USED TO GAIN POLITICAL POWER. IT DISCUSSES THE USE OF MEDIA, GRASSROOTS ORGANIZING, AND COALITION-

BUILDING WITHIN EVANGELICAL COMMUNITIES. THE AUTHOR UNDERSCORES THE COMPLEX RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN FAITH-BASED RHETORIC AND POLITICAL OBJECTIVES.

6. EVANGELICALS AND THE CULTURE WARS: POLITICAL VIEWS AND ACTIVISM

THIS BOOK INVESTIGATES HOW EVANGELISTS HAVE PLAYED A CENTRAL ROLE IN THE CULTURE WARS OF THE LATE 20TH AND EARLY 21ST CENTURIES. IT ANALYZES THEIR OPPOSITION TO SECULARISM, LIBERAL SOCIAL POLICIES, AND CHANGES IN FAMILY VALUES. THE AUTHOR ALSO REVIEWS THE CONSEQUENCES OF EVANGELICAL POLITICAL ACTIVISM FOR AMERICAN SOCIETY AND GOVERNANCE.

7. THE POLITICS OF REVIVAL: EVANGELISTS AND THEIR INFLUENCE ON POLICY

FOCUSING ON REVIVALIST EVANGELISTS, THIS BOOK EXPLORES HOW THEIR RELIGIOUS REVIVALS OFTEN CARRIED STRONG POLITICAL MESSAGES. IT EXAMINES HISTORIC AND MODERN EXAMPLES WHERE EVANGELISTS ENCOURAGED POLITICAL PARTICIPATION ALIGNED WITH THEIR MORAL AND RELIGIOUS GOALS. THE BOOK PROVIDES INSIGHT INTO HOW SPIRITUAL RENEWAL MOVEMENTS INTERSECT WITH POLITICAL AGENDAS.

8. EVANGELICALISM AND POLITICAL CONSERVATISM: A HISTORICAL OVERVIEW

THIS TITLE OFFERS A HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF EVANGELICAL POLITICAL CONSERVATISM FROM THE MID-20TH CENTURY ONWARD. IT TRACES THE IDEOLOGICAL ROOTS AND KEY MOMENTS THAT SOLIDIFIED THE EVANGELICAL ALIGNMENT WITH CONSERVATIVE PARTIES AND CAUSES. THE BOOK ALSO CONSIDERS INTERNAL DEBATES WITHIN EVANGELICALISM REGARDING POLITICAL ENGAGEMENT.

9. VOICES OF THE EVANGELICAL PULPIT: POLITICAL MESSAGES AND THEIR IMPACT

THIS COLLECTION OF ESSAYS EXAMINES SPEECHES AND WRITINGS OF INFLUENTIAL EVANGELISTS TO UNDERSTAND THEIR POLITICAL VIEWPOINTS. CONTRIBUTORS ANALYZE HOW THESE MESSAGES RESONATE WITH FOLLOWERS AND INFLUENCE POLITICAL BEHAVIOR. THE BOOK HIGHLIGHTS BOTH THE UNIFYING AND DIVISIVE ASPECTS OF EVANGELICAL POLITICAL RHETORIC ACROSS DIFFERENT CONTEXTS.

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